| As of October 18, 2010 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|-------------------------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| Count CDR Variable Name | Essential Climate Variable | Algorithm Name Collateral Products | Responsible Team Member | Source Data Sensors | Future Source Data Sensor | Spacecraft | Channels | Spatial Resolutio | n Temporal Res | solution P | roduct Units Projection | o Output Format | Metadata Standar | d Other Characteristics | Key publication reference Existing Us | er Groups Expected User Groups | Outcome | Impact | Community Workshop Status |
| Sequential i.d. number to count products, 1,2,3 Please list only one variable per row of the spreadsheet. | For Geophysical Variables (only, i.e., not for Level 1b): Please use the drop down menus in cells below to enter the ECV, you may also click on the above link and use pg 6 in the <i>Guideline for the Generation of Satellite-based Datasets and Products</i> <i>meeting GCOS Requirements</i> pdf document as a reference. | | Please identify which member of your team is primarily responsible for development of this particular product. | provided the raw data from | If you plan to provide CDR continuity from existing sensors to future sensors (e.g., from JPSS or other missions), please identify the mission and sensors to be used. NOTE: if you did not propose to address future sensors or data sets, please state "N/A" | spacecraft from which source data were used | all channels used for each | new row for new row each unique each uni resolution resolution (spatial or (spatial o | que • early morning or • mid- I) morning • afternoon he the | Record: (un Month/Year Kel | Reflectance If gridded, what is yo tless), degrees projection? in, Radiance n^2/sr, etc | e.g. NetCDF4, Binary, HDF4, HDF5 etc | Is your Metadata complian with any standards or conventions? e.g., Climate Forecast (CF) Convention, FGDC Standards, ISO 1911! etc. If not adhering to a standard, please state "research" | longitudinal range, over oceans | | n, climate be interested in the CDR. fic group {e.g., Who/what is NOAA serving by D, CDC}). investing in your work? | Results that stem from use of the outputs. Unlike output measures, outcomes refer to ar event or condition that is external to the program and is of direct importance to the intended beneficiaries (e.g., scientists, agency managers, policy makers, other stakeholders). Examples of outcome metrics are the number of alternative refrigerants introduced to society to reduce the loss of stratospheric ozone and scientific outputs integrated int a new understanding of the causes of the Antarctic ozone hole. | are outcomes that focus on of long-term societal, | your community workshop (y/n). If so, please provide date/location and URL if web page exists. If not yet held, please state your plans. BACKGROUND: Per th 2009 Announcement of Opportunity, "the Project expects each Product Development Team to conduct an early community workshop (year 1 of funding) in which it will explain the theoretical basis of its algorithm and its proposed CDR development approach. The Team is expected to consider all suggestions and requests for action." |
| | Domaine Marialla | | | | | | | Horizontal Vortic | al Orbite Start Dat | to End Data | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Total Column Ozone | Domain Variable Atmospheric Ozone | TOZ Effective cloud reflectivity, Aerosol Index | Lawrence Flynn | SBUV(/2) (TOMS, OMI GOME-2) | I, OMPS-NM | NOAA-9, - 11, -14, -16, -17, -18, - 19, NIMBUS 7 (EP, EOS- | 306 nm, 313 nm, 318 nm, 331 nm 340 nm (no 306 | 200X200 N/A KM^2 (50X50 KM^2, 12X24 KM^2, 40X80 | Daytime 11/1978 of POES (1970 for orbits Nimbus- BUV) | r Ur | one, Dobson 1 deg X 1 deg its (milli-atmLat/Lon when) gridded | Fortran Binary | Research | Sunlit Earth | P.K. Bhartia, et al., A Quarter WMO (Scien Century of Ozone Assessments Observations by SBUV and Depletion), I TOMS, Ozone, Proc. Quad. NOAA NCEP Ozone Symp., 2004, Ed. C. Modeling, G Zerefos. Miller, A. J., et al. (2002), A cohesive total ozone data set from the SBUV(/2) satellite system, J. Geophys. Res., 107(D23), 4701, doi:10.1029/2001JD000853. | tific of Ozone IASA, Climate | Increased awareness of UV exposure, replacement chamical for CFCs, Science of ozone layer destruction | of Recovery of stratospheric ozone resulting from | Review at NASA GSFC Ozone MEASURES Program Meeting (6/23/2010); Review at O3OAT in Silver Spring |
| 2 Ozone Vertical Profile | Atmospheric Ozone | SBUV(/2) Profile Mg II Index, SO2 Index Ozone | Lawrence Flynn | SBUV(/2) (OMI, GOMI 2) | E-OMPS-NM and OMPS-NP | 11, -14, -16, -17, -18, - 19, NIMBUS 7 (EOS- Aura, | 274 nm, 283 nm, 288 nm, | KM^2 Repor (24X24 g, 7-20 KM^2, KM 40X80 resulc | tin of POES (1970 for | | its (milli-atm | Fortran Binary | Research | Sunlit Earth, 80S-80N | Flynn, L.E., et al. (2009) Measurements and products from the Solar Backscatter Ultraviolet (SBUV/2) and Ozone Mapping and Profiler Suite (OMPS) Instruments. International J. of Remote Sensing, 30 (15). Kondragunta S., et al., Analysis and Validation of Version 8 SBUV/2 Total and Profile Ozone Data, Proc. Quad. Ozone Symp., 2004, Ed. C. Zerefos. | | UV exposure, replacement chamical | stratospheric ozone resulting from | e ^I MEASURES Program Meeting I(6/23/2010); Review at O3OAT in Silver Spring |
| 3 Limb Ozone Profile | Atmospheric Ozone | Profile (Perhaps the | of NASA LaRC is leading the EDR algorithm development | SCIAMACHY) | OMPS-LP, OMPS-NM, OMPS | S-INPP, JPSS-2 | 290-1000 nm | | Daytime 2011 tin of Polar A ti | Ur | one, Dobson its (milli-atm), ozone mv | HDF-5 and NetCDF-4 | Research | Sunlit Earth | | WMO (Scientific Assessments of Ozone Depletion), NASA, NOA NCEP, Climate Modeling, GMAO | | Recovery of stratospheric ozone resulting from implementation of Montreal Protocol | |